REPORT ON

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS

FOR THE PROPOSED

N. S. Bose Residential Hostel for Secondary School, Chiraila, Block Rajauli, Dist. Nawada

Your Letter No.- BSEIDC/Tech/1960 (P)/2018-7919 Dated - 22.11.2021 [SL. No. - 5]

Submitted to The Chief Engineer BSEIDC, Patna

December, 2021



BIHAR FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

[A unit of Baidyanath Foundation Consultants Pvt. Ltd.]
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N. S. Bose Residential Hostel for Secondary School, Chiraila, Block Rajauli, Dist. Nawada



Bihar Foundation Consultants 403, Ganga Darshan Apartment, Patna-10 [A Unit : Baidyanath Foundation Consultants Pvt. Ltd.]

PN - 211218

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Report on Sub Soil Investigations for the Proposed Construction of N. S. Bose Residential Hostel for Secondary School, Chiraila, Block Rajauli, Dist. Nawada

INTRODUCTION

The subsoil investigations reported herein were taken up (vide W.O. No. BSEIDC/Tech/1960(P)/2018-7919 Dated – 22.11.2020 [SL. No. 5] to find out the nature of subsoil at the site of the proposed construction and to recommend the capacity and type of its foundation. After certain tests on the soil, as detailed below, the desired recommendations have been made on **page 3-4** of this Report.

2. FIELD WORK

The fieldwork consisted of sinking bore holes, collecting soil samples and conducting the necessary field tests.

2.1. Boring

Taking guidance from IS: 1892, 150 mm diameter bore holes were sunk at locations shown in the bore hole location map.

2.2 Sampling

2.2.1 Undisturbed Soil Samples

Open drive samplers of 100-mm diameter and about 450-mm length were used for obtaining undisturbed samples of cohesive soils. The collection, sealing, labeling and transportation of the samples to the laboratory were done as per the IS guide-lines.

2.2.2 Disturbed Soil Samples

Disturbed soil samples were collected at suitable intervals of depth (not more than 2.5 m) and at all depths of change in the nature of the subsoil. These samples were sealed in polythene bags with proper identification labels.

2.3 Field Tests

2.3.1 Standard Penetration Tests (SPT)

These tests were conducted as per IS: 2131 – 1963. The depth interval between two consecutive tests was 1 to 1.5 m. The tests were located in between the levels at which undisturbed soil samples were collected.

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3. LABORATORY TESTS

Some or all of the following laboratory tests, as necessary, were done on the collected soil samples. Representative soil samples were selected for this from the different soil strata encountered during boring. The tests were performed as per the relevant Indian Standard Codes of Practice.

- (a) Natural moisture content
- (b) Bulk density
- (c) Grain size analysis (using sieves and / or hydrometer)
- (d) Specific gravity of soil solids
- (e) Atterberg's limit tests (liquid, plastic and shrinkage limits)
- (f) Shear Tests:
 - [I] Triaxial compression test (unconsolidated undrained), generally for fine- grained soils
 - [II] Unconfined compression tests, only on cohesive soils
 - [III] Direct shear tests, generally for coarse-grained soils
- (h) Other tests as and when required.

4. PRESENTATION OF TEST RESULTS

The field and laboratory test results are given in the **Appendix B.**

5. SOIL STRATIFICATION

The results of field tests in three bore holes sunk at the site [vide Location Sketch in App. A] and the results of laboratory tests conducted on the collected soil samples indicate that the soil stratification at the site is as describe below.

The subsoil in BH 1 and 2 is sandy clayey silt [type ML], and in BH 2 it is clayey silty sand [type SC-SM] up to the depth of about 3.0 m then follows sandy silty clay [type CL] up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl.

Ground water table was struck at about 5.10 m to 5.20 m depth below GL in December, 2021 It is subject to seasonal variations.

6. FOUNDATION ANALYSIS

The safe capacity of foundation of any type and size may be determined on the basis of the soil data given in this Report by using the standard methods of foundation design and following the relevant Indian Standard Codes.

7. RECOMMENDATIONS

The design of the foundation for the proposed structure depends on the nature of both [a] the subsoil and [b] the structure.

The subsoil in BH 1 and 2 is sandy clayey silt [type ML], and in BH 2 it is clayey silty sand [type SC-SM] up to the depth of about 3.0 m then follows sandy silty clay [type CL] up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl.

Ground water table was struck at about 5.10 m to 5.20 m depth below GL in December, 2021 It is subject to seasonal variations.

Hence,

- 1. The subsoil is loose silt up to about 2 m depth. Hence the proposed structure may be provided with shallow foundation at a depth of 2.0 m or more.
- 2. The subsoil up to 4 m is silt dominating. Hence placement of U/R pile may not be desirable as the top formation may collapse during pile placement. Hence plane piles of lengths 4.0 m to 10.0 m with shaft diameters 0.25 m, 0.30 m, 0.40 m and 0.50 m may be provided. A casing will have to be used during boring for the pile.

By way of example, the values of safe capacities of

[1] Shallow foundations and [2] Plane piles of the above mentioned sizes and depths have been calculated (vide Samples of Calculations in Appendix F) and the safe capacities are given below in Tables 1 and 2 respectively.

Table 1: Allowable Net Bearing Pressures [qna] and Settlements Expected [s]

Depth (m)	Width	Net allowa	ble bearing pressu	re (t/m²)	Maximum expected
below Ground Level	(m)	Strip footing	Square footing	Raft footing	settlement (mm)
	2	5.7	5.8		50
2.0	3	4.7	4.7		50
	10		•••	6.7	75
	2	6,7	6.9		50
2.5	3	5.8	5.8		50
	10			7.0	75
	2	7.5	8.1		50
3.0	3	7.4	7.4		50
	10	•••		7.2	75
	2	8.7	9.3		50
3.5	3	8.5	8.5		50
	10			8.5	75
	2	10.0	10.4		50
4.0	3	9.5	9.5		50
	10			8.8	75

Table 2. Safe Capacities of Plane Piles [Factor of safety = 2.5 in skin friction and 3 in bearing]

Pile length [m]	(SUBJECT	Safe Capaciti TO CHECKING FO for Piles of dia	R SLENDERNESS	S RATIO*)
	0.25 m	0.30 m	0.40 m	0.50 m
4.0	1.9	2.5	3.8	5.2
6.0	4.8	6.0	8.6	11.5
8.0	8.0	10.0	14.1	18.7
10.0	11.2	13.9	19.6	25.8

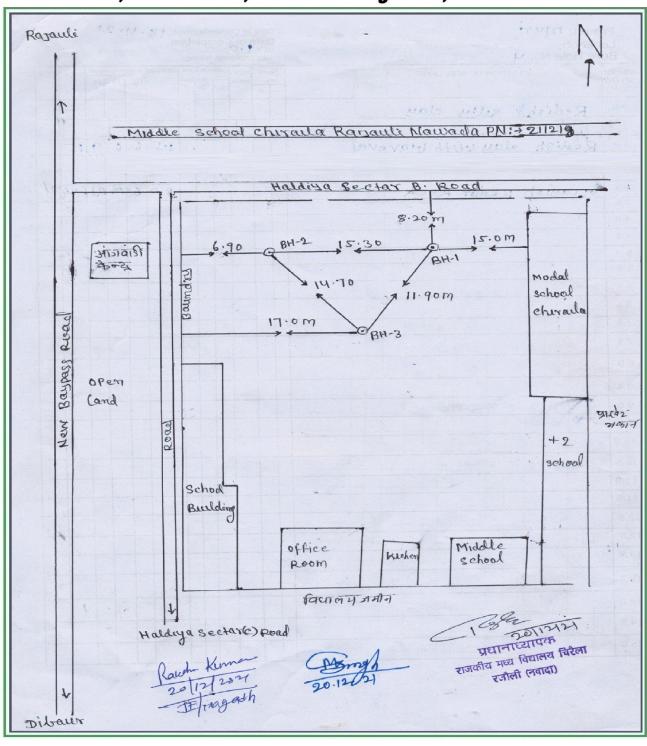
*For a preliminary checking of the slenderness ratio, the modulus of subgrade reaction (k) may be estimated from the following empirical relation given in IS: 2950-1981 (Second Revision) Table 1. k (kN/m^3) = 240 c, where c (kN/m^2) is the value of cohesion of the soil at the concerned depth. Notes:

- 1. If a subsoil condition much different from those reported herein is met with during foundation trenching or piling, suitable steps should be taken.
- 2. If the depth of a shallow foundation is below the water table, dewatering of the foundation trench has to be done, and its side walls of may have to be suitably supported at the time of the construction of the foundation.
- 3. In case a basement is being provided, its base and side walls have to be safeguarded against the likely ingress of ground-water.
- 4. If concreting for a pile has to be done under water, DMC and tremie method of concreting should be adopted.
- 5. As per the provisions of the IS Code, an appropriate number of piles must be subjected to routine load tests to check the veracity of the above recommended values of the safe capacities of piles.

For Bihar Foundation Consultants

(Prof. C.N. Sinha, Dr.-Ing., FIE) Chief Consultant.

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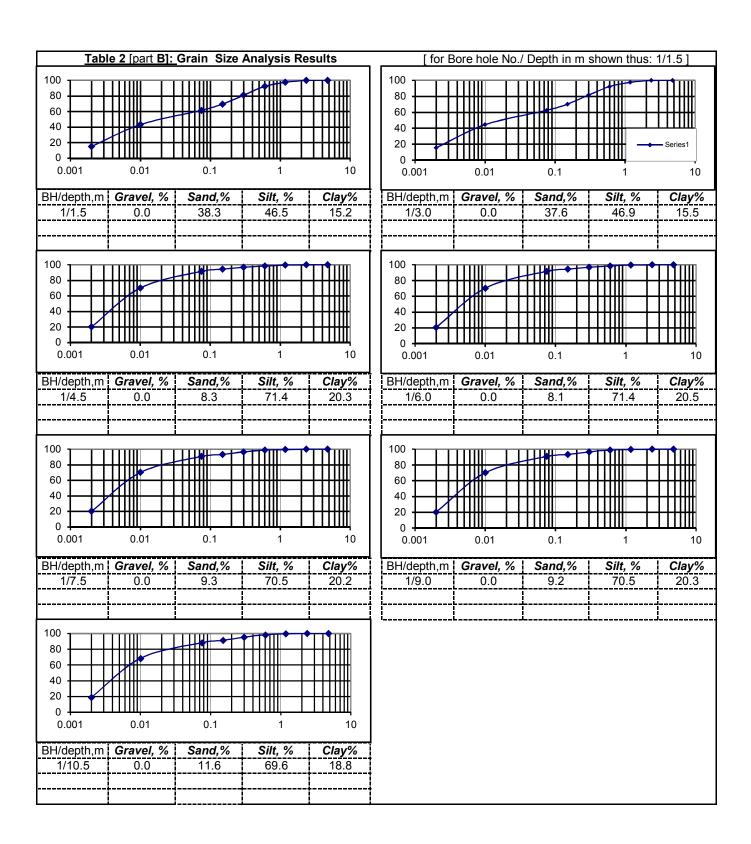


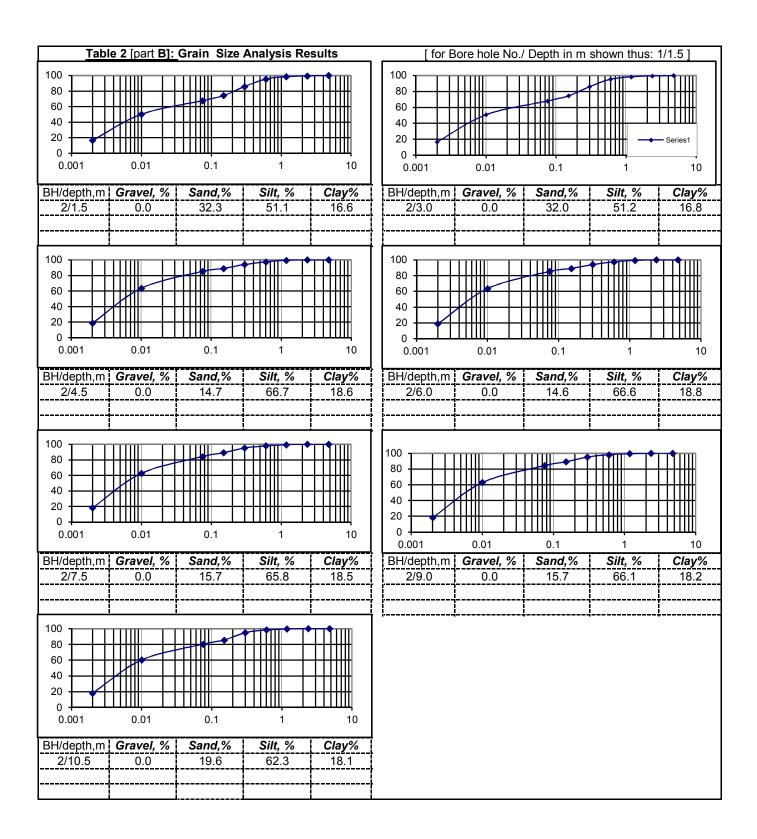
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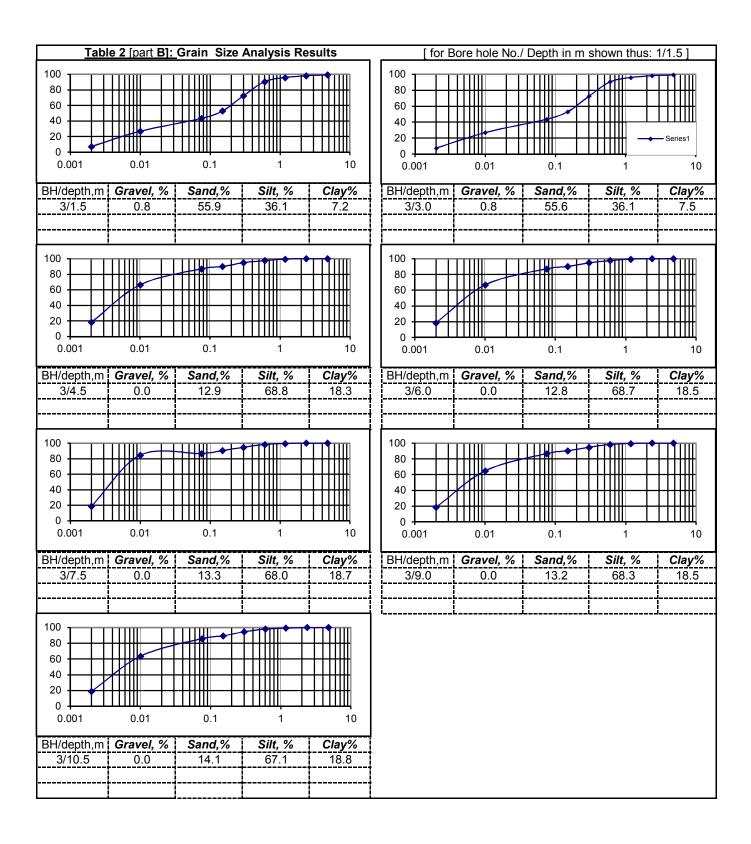
NAME O	F WORK	: Sub soil In	vestigation for C/O		1		BORING	FINISH D	ATE : 19.	12.2021		WATER	TABLE	: 5.10 m b		
N. S. Bo	se Resi	dential Host	el for Secondary School, Chiraila, Block F	Rajauli, I	Dist. Nav	/ada	BORING	METHOD	: Rotary							
BORE H	OLE NO. :	1	Site Incharge - Mukesh Singh				TERMINA	ATION DE	PTH:10.	5 m		RECORD	ON	: 19.12.	2021	
GL (m)		SPT 'N' Value	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification	Dept	th(m)	(ix,%	(gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	ıty		Shear Te		Compression Index (C _c)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.	observation	Visual Description of Son with 13 Glassification			Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	ural Moist	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, φ °	npression
Dek	Sar	Obsr.		from	to	Thi	Liqu	Pla	Pla	Bull	Nat (%)	Spe	Тур	Cot kg/c	Fric	Cor
1.0				0.0												
1.5	S1	5	Greyish sandy clayey silt, ML			3.0	26.8	21.9	4.9	1.94	28.9	2.66		0.06	14.6	
2.5			Creyion during diagey dint, ME			0.0										
3.0	S2	6			3.0					1.94	28.8	2.66		0.06	15.1	
4.0				3.0												
4.5	S3	7					30.9	22.8	8.1	1.97	28.0	2.70		0.35	4.1	
5.5																
6.0	S4	9								1.99	26.6	2.70		0.44	5.0	
7.0			Greyish sandy silty clay, CL			7.5										
7.5	S5	10	Greyish sandy silty day, GE			7.5	31.1	14.3	16.8	2.00	26.0	2.70		0.48	5.0	
8.5																
9.0	S6	11								2.01	25.4	2.70		0.51	5.1	
10.0																
10.5	S7	15			10.5					2.01	25.3	2.70		0.63	5.1	

NAME O	F WORK	: Sub soil In	vestigation for C/O				BORING	FINISH D	ATE : 19.	12.2021		WATER	TABLE	: 5.20 m b	gl	
N. S. Bo	se Resi	dential Host	el for Secondary School, Chiraila, Block I	Rajauli, [Dist. Nav	/ada	BORING	METHOD	: Rotary							
BORE H	OLE NO. :	2	Site Incharge - Mukesh Singh				TERMINA	ATION DE	PTH:10.	.5 m		RECORE	ON	: 19.12.	2021	
L (m)		SPT 'N' Value		Dept	th(m)				%'	ım/cm3)	e Content			Shear Te		Jdex ($C_{ m c}$)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.	observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification		. ,	Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c (kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, ϕ^{o}	Compression Index (C_c)
Dep	Sar	Obsr.		from	to	Thic	Liqu	Pla	Pla	Bull	Nat (%)	Spe	Тур	Kg/cot	Fric	Cor
1.0				0.0												
1.5	S1	4	Greyish sandy clayey silt, ML			3.0				1.94	28.9	2.66		0.05	14.2	
2.5			Croyish sandy didycy siit, ME			0.0										
3.0	S2	6			3.0		25.1	21.9	3.2	1.94	28.8	2.66		0.06	15.1	
4.0				3.0												
4.5	S3	8								1.98	27.4	2.70		0.40	4.6	
5.5																
6.0	S4	10					27.9	20.6	7.3	2.00	26.0	2.70		0.48	5.0	
7.0			Greyish sandy silty clay, CL			7.5										
7.5	S5	12	Gleyish sandy siny day, GL			7.5				2.01	25.4	2.70		0.55	5.1	
8.5																
9.0	S6	14					31.2	22.4	8.8	2.01	25.3	2.70		0.61	5.1	
10.0																
10.5	S7	16			10.5					2.02	24.7	2.70		0.65	5.1	

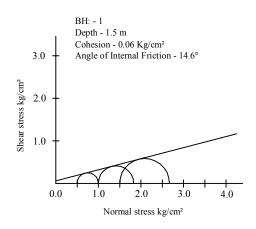
NAME O	F WORK	: Sub soil In	vestigation for C/O				BORING	FINISH D	ATE : 20.	12.2021		WATER	TABLE	: 5.20 m b		
N. S. Bo	se Resi	dential Host	el for Secondary School, Chiraila, Block F	Rajauli, I	Dist. Nav	/ada	BORING	METHOD	: Rotary							
BORE H	OLE NO. :	3	Site Incharge - Mukesh Singh				TERMINA	ATION DE	PTH:10.	5 m		RECORE	ON	: 20.12.	2021	
GL (m)		SPT 'N' Value observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification	Dept	th(m)	(ix,%	(gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	, ity		Shear Te		Compression Index ($C_{ m c}$)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.		Vicadi Boosiipiloi ol ooli mili le diacelloalion		T	Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	tural Moist)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, φ °	mpression
De	Sa	Obsr.		from	to	Thi	Lig	Pla	Pla	Bu	Na (%	Š	Ţ	S à	Fric	ပိ
1.0				0.0												
1.5	S1	4	Greyish clayey silty sand, SC-SM			3.0				1.91	30.0	2.62		0.00	28.0	
2.5			Greyish clayey silly sailu, 30-3101			3.0										
3.0	S2	5			3.0					1.91	30.1	2.63		0.00	28.0	
4.0				3.0												
4.5	S3	7					30.5	22.7	7.8	1.97	28.0	2.70		0.35	4.1	
5.5																
6.0	S4	9								1.99	26.6	2.70		0.44	5.0	
7.0			Greyish sandy silty clay, CL			7.5										
7.5	S5	13	Gleyish sandy silty day, GL			7.5	30.8	22.5	8.3	2.01	25.4	2.70		0.59	5.1	
8.5																
9.0	S6	12								2.01	25.4	2.70		0.55	5.1	
10.0																
10.5	S7	15			10.5					2.01	25.3	2.70		0.63	5.1	

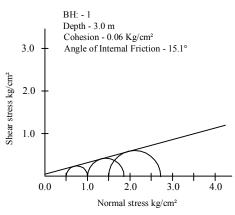


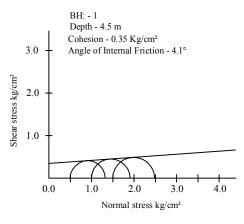


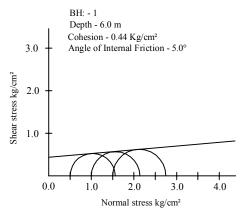


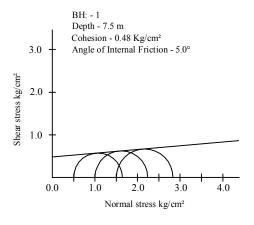
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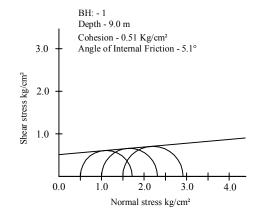


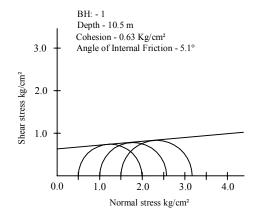












Appendix -

D1

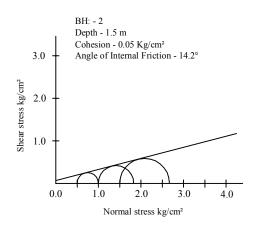
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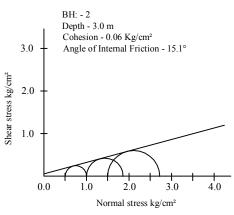
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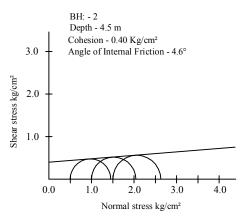
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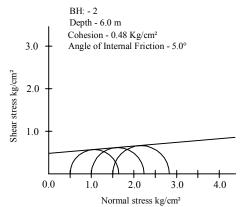
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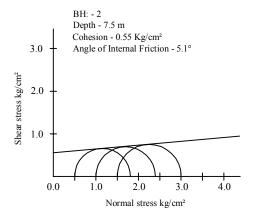
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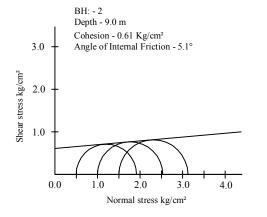


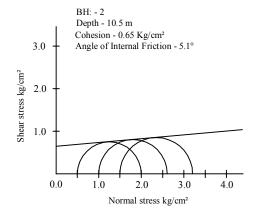












Appendix -

D2

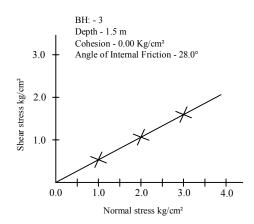
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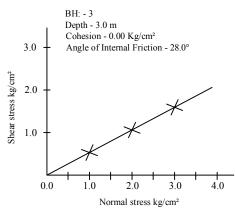
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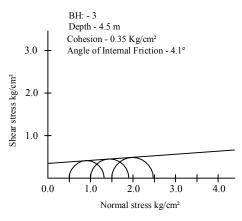
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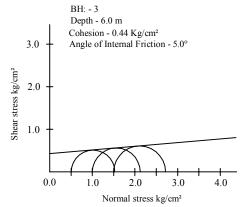
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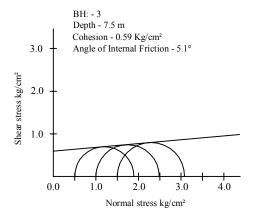
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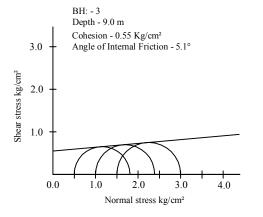


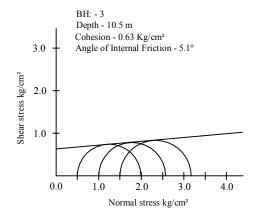












Appendix -

D3

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Report on Sub Soil Investigation for the proposed Construction of

N. S. Bose Residential Hostel for Secondary School, Chiraila, Block Rajauli, Dist. Nawada

SAMPLE CALCULATION OF BEARING CAPACITY OF SHALLOW FOUNDATION

The determination of the **net safe bearing capacity**, q_{ns} , is done first on the basis of the shear failure criterion after dividing the value of the **net ultimate bearing capacity** q_{nf} , calculated as described below, by a suitable factor of safety. The **net soil pressure**, q_s , for a given permissible settlement is then calculated as explained in the next section. The lower of the two values, q_{ns} and q_s , thus determined is taken as the **allowable bearing capacity** of the soil.

1. <u>Shear Failure Criterion</u>. The **net ultimate bearing capacity** \mathbf{q}_{nf} (t/m²) of a shallow foundation of breadth B (m) and depth D (m) is given as per IS:6403-1981 (Sec.5.1.2) by the following equation :

The bearing capacity factors (N's) are functions of ϕ , the angle of internal friction of the soil. Their values are found for general shear failure by referring to standard tables. If subsoil conditions are such as to lead to local shear failure, the values of these factors are found for a reduced value of angle of internal friction (ϕ ') given by the equation : tan ϕ ' = 0.67 tan ϕ . The value of cohesion is also reduced to c' = 0.67 c.

The values of the other factors for usual conditions are as tabulated below:

									-	
sc =	1.3 1+	+0.2B/L	1	d _c =	1+ 0.2 (N φ) ^{0.5} D/ B		D _w at	G.L.	Fou'dn.Level
s _q =	1.2 1+	+0.2B/L	1	$d_q = d_\gamma =$	1	for	φ <10	w =	0.5	1
s_{γ} =	0.8//0.6 1-	0.4B/L	1	$d_q = d_{\gamma} =$	1+ 0.1(N <i>φ</i>) ^{0.5} D/ B	$\varphi > 10$	² lı	nterpolation	between
FOR	sq.// O	Rect.	STRIP	I _c ,I _q , I _γ =	= 1 for vertica	l load		th	nese values	is linear.

In the present case, the representative values of cohesion $\mathbb C$ and angle of internal friction (ϕ)of the soil may be obtained from the soil data given earlier.

One example of calculation for a certain depth and width of a strip or square footing is given in the **Table A** on the next page. Full submergence of the soil has been assumed. The **safe bearing capacity**, \mathbf{q}_{ns} has been obtained by dividing \mathbf{q}_{nf} by a **safety factor**, 3. The net safe bearing capacity for a footing of the selected size and depth of footing is to be seen in its last column. Calculations of safe bearing capacities for other depths and widths of footings are done similarly.

2 Calculation of allowable bearing capacity based on settlement criterion

The **net soil pressure**, q_s (t/m^2) for a permissible settlement of 25 mm is give by Teng's formula:

$$\mathbf{q_s} = 3.5 [\text{N''} - 3] [(\text{B} + 0.3) / 2 \text{ B}]^2 \text{ w' } F_d \text{ t/m}^2$$

$$\text{N''} = \text{corrected value of N from SPT}$$

$$F_d = [1 + \text{D/B}] < \text{or} = 2$$

D, B and w' are as defined before.

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where

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For a permissible settlement of S mm, the allowable bearing capacity

$$q_s' = S q_s /25$$

The corrected SPT N" values used in the calculations based on the above formula for different depths below G.L. may be found from the recorded data.

The N" value used in any case is to be for the influence zone below the footing, which depends on its width. A sample of calculation of the allowable soil pressure for the chosen size and depth of footing and for the permissible settlement is given in **Table B** in the next section.

The net allowable bearing pressure will be the lower of the values of bearing pressures found in the two Tables A and B.

Table A

Calculation of Net Safe Bearing Pressure [based on shear failure criterion]

Shape	of		F.S.=	γ, t/	m³=	c =	ф =	Nc =	Nq =	$N_{\gamma} =$
Found	lation:	STRIP	3		1.94	0.6	14.6	10.73	3.79	2.50
			dq =				11	111		
D [m]	B [m]	dc	dg	С	q	Term	Term	Term	qnf	qnf /F
2	2	1.26	1.129	0.6	1.94	8.10	6.12	2.73	16.96	5.65

Table B

Calculation of Net Allowable Bearing Pressure [based on settlement criterion]

D	В	Fd =	N"	w'	q s =25	S	q s=S
m	m			*	t/m ²	mm	t/m ²
2	2.0	2	5.5	0.5	2.893	50	5.7859

The adjoining Table and the
comments
Comments
below it are for a footing of depth, D
•
= 2 m, and width, B [m] = 2.0

The value of allowable bearing pressure from the above Table for s = 50 mm is = 5.8 t/m² The value of safe bearing capacity from shear criterion as found from Table A = 5.7 t/m²

Hence the allowable bearing pressure for settlement, s= or < 50 mm will be = 5.7 t/m²

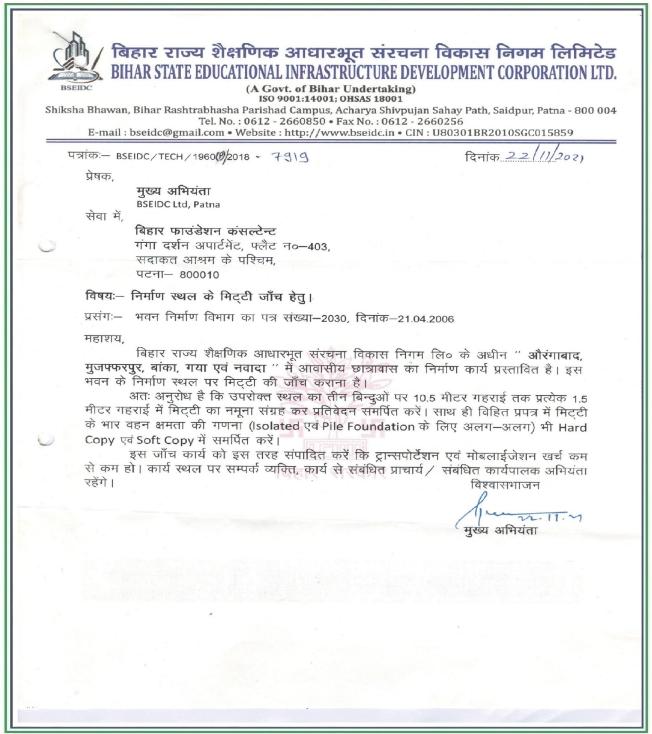
The calculations for other depths and widths of footing are similar.

Calculations of Capacity of Plane Pile for the proposed

N. S. Bose Residential Hostel for Secondary School, Chiraila, Block Rajauli, Dist. Nawada

Based on IS:2911 (Part I, Sec. 2) 2010, Annex B, (Clauses 6.3.1.1 and 6.3.2) using both cohesion (c), in t/m^2 and angle of internal friction (ϕ°). Area of pile base, $Ap (m^2) = 0.049$ & circ'mf'r'nce (in m) of pile base, $j = 3.14 \times D = 0.785$ WHEN Pile diameter. D (m)= Surface area of pile's contact with soil, $A(m^2) = j x t$ where t = thickness of soil layer in contact with pile. In CLAY: Skin friction in clay, Qs End bearing, $Q_b = A_p C_p N_{c}$ In SAND: Skin friction, Qs = KP_{mid}A tan δ, where where $N_c=9$ = cAand $\delta = 0$. End bearing, Qb = Ap(0.5 Dy N_v + P_{tin}N_g), where Reduction factor, adepends on c, as given in Fig. 2 where P = overburden press.at mid-layer or pile tip, as the case be, of Annex. B of the above IS Code:2911 and the values of Ng and Ny are to be taken from the IS Code. *Max'm permissible P[t/m²] = Let factor of safety in 15 to 20 X pile diameter (D) X γ_{sub} Total Ultimate capacity of pile, Qu = Qs + Qb. t/m⁴. $X \gamma_{sub}$ friction, $f_s = 2.5$ = 3.75 to Sate capacity of pile, Qst = $(Qs/t_s + Qb/t_h)$ τ/m . bearing, $f_b = 3.0$ 3.525 4.7 Depth of Soil type Permissible A = Qs' (for Qs = Qb Qsf Pile p = P_{tip} γχτ soil layer [runded off] С Lenath γ_{sub} =∑p P_{tip} P_{mid} jxt 1 layer) $\Sigma Qs'$ t/m³ t/m² t/m² t/m² t/m² (m) [m]t/m² tonnes m 0.0-0.5 Not considered due to cut-off and very soft lavers. sandy claev silt 0.5 0.00 0.00 0.5 0.0 0.5-2.0 sandy claey silt 1.5 1.41 1.41 1.4 0.7 1.18 0.90 0.90 0.52 2.0 0.94 0.50 1.00 14.20 1.42 2.0-4.0 sandy claev silt 0.94 0.55 1.00 14.65 2.0 1.88 3.29 3.3 2.4 1.57 2.31 3.21 1.99 5.20 1.9 4.0 4.0-6.0 sandy silty clay 0.98 3.95 1.00 4 55 2.0 1.96 5.25 3.5 3.5 1.57 6.86 10.07 2.33 12.40 4.8 6.0 8.0 8.0 6.0-8.0 sandy silty clay 0.99 4.65 0.95 5.00 2.0 1.98 7.23 1.57 7.66 17.74 2.66 20.40 3.5 3.5 8.0-10.0 sandy silty clay 5.40 5.10 2.0 2.00 9.23 1.57 7.69 25.43 2.97 28.40 11.2 10.0 3.5 Qb for for φ # **Q**b # **Q**b * N_v Depth,d * Na γ_{sub} 3.95 0.98 4.55 0.40 1.51 0.25 4.0 1.74 6.0 0.99 5.00 0.45 1.57 0.27 4.65 2.05 8.0 1.00 5.10 0.46 1.58 0.28 5.40 2.38 10.0 1.00 5.10 0.46 1.58 0.28 6.10 2.69

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क्रमांक	जिला का नाम	प्रखंड का	आवासीय छात्रावास से	ज्यानका भूगि की
AP II 4Z		नाम	संबंधित विद्यालय का नाम	उपलब्ध भूमि की विवरणी (खाता संo, खेसरा एवं रकबा सहित)
1	औरगाबाद	नवीनगर	उच्च माध्यमिक विद्यालय, बेला	खाता सं0— 71, 132 प्लॉट न0 370, 369, 366, 1028 एराजी — 01 एकड़ 80 डिसमिल थाना सं0— 192,
2	मुजफ्फरपुर	साहेबगंज	राजकीयकृत उच्चतर म0 वि0 साहेबगंज	तौजी— 2802 खाता सं0— पुराना— 56 खेसरा — पुराना— 1333, 1334 खाता सं0— नया— 494 खेसरा सं0— नया — 1520, 1521 रकबा — 06 एकड़ 50
3	बांका	बांका	प्रों० म० वि० चक्काडीह	डिसमिल लगभग। खाता— 153, 449 खेसरा — 508, 614 रकबा — 01 एकड़ 11 डिसमिल
4	गया	मोहनपुर	म0 वि० जेठुआ डाहा	रकबा — 3 एकड़ 64 डिसमिल
5	नवादा	रजीली	म0 वि० चिरैला	खाता (नया) — 58 प्लॉट— 651, 652 पुराना— 98, प्लॉट— 725, 726, 732, 733 एवं 734 रकबा— 3 एकड़ 36 डिसमिल

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